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	WILLIAM B. BOYLE			
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**VIDEO RECORDING SYSTEM UTILIZING STORAGE REDUNDANCY TO  
TRANSFER NON-TIME-CRITICAL, ERROR-INTOLERANT DATA  
SEGMENTS WHILE TRANSFERRING TIME-CRITICAL, ERROR-  
TOLERANT STREAMING DATA SEGMENTS AT A REQUIRED DATA  
TRANSFER RATE**

Cross-reference to Related Applications

The present patent application is related to United States Patent Application Serial No. 09/628,583 (attorney docket no. K35A0636) filed on 7/31/00, entitled "VIDEO RECORDING SYSTEM UTILIZING HOST-PROCESSOR-RESIDENT ERROR RECOVERY TO TRANSFER NON-TIME-CRITICAL, ERROR-INTOLERANT DATA SEGMENTS WHILE TRANSFERRING TIME-CRITICAL, ERROR-TOLERANT STREAMING DATA SEGMENTS AT A REQUIRED DATA TRANSFER RATE," the specification of which is hereby incorporated by reference.

Background of the Invention

Field of the Invention

The present invention relates to information storage and display systems utilizing disk drives, and more particularly, to video recording systems that transfer both time-critical, error-tolerant streaming video data segments and non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segments.

Description of the Related Art

Hard disk drives complying with a standard known as ATA (Advanced Technology Attachment) are commonly used in non-audiovisual, computer-related applications which require a high level of accuracy for the data segments transferred between the disk drive and other system components. These non-audiovisual data segments are typically referred to as "information technology" or "IT" data segments. When a host processor sends an ATA data transfer command to the disk drive to transfer an IT data segment, the host processor requires a high level of accuracy for the IT data segment, *i.e.*, that the IT data segment be substantially free of errors. To ensure

1 the required level of accuracy for IT data segments written to the disk drive or  
2 transmitted to the other system components, ATA read and write data transfer  
3 commands to the disk drive typically require some disk-drive-resident error recovery, in  
4 which the disk drive undertakes various error recovery procedures in an attempt to  
5 transfer the IT data segment with no data transfer errors. These disk-drive-resident error  
6 recovery procedures can include detection, identification, and correction procedures.

7 For example, these disk-drive-resident error recovery may include multiple  
8 retries, or other 'heroic' efforts to ensure that the requested IT data segments have the  
9 required level of accuracy. Depending on the success of the various retries or other  
10 efforts, the disk-drive-resident error recovery may require additional time by the disk  
11 drive, thereby possibly delaying the transfer of other data segments. Despite these  
12 possible delays, it is generally acceptable in non-audiovisual applications to carry out  
13 the disk-drive-resident error recovery to ensure the accuracy of the IT data segments  
14 being written or transmitted. Therefore, the IT data segments can be described as non-  
15 time-critical, error-intolerant data segments because their transfers may be delayed  
16 without sacrificing system performance, but their transfers must not create errors which  
17 would lower the level of accuracy of the data segments.

18 Audiovisual applications for audiovisual or "AV" data segments corresponding  
19 to a video data stream have different requirements than do non-audiovisual applications.  
20 Audiovisual applications place more importance on the predictability of AV data  
21 transfer, while tolerating some loss in AV data accuracy. By their nature, AV data  
22 segments must be continually transferred at a required data transfer rate. The required  
23 data transfer rate for a video data stream is typically less than the maximum possible  
24 data transfer rate for the disk drive, resulting in additional bandwidth available for the  
25 concurrent transfer of additional data segments, some of which correspond to other  
26 video data streams. Even a small delay in the transfer of an AV data segment can  
27 deleteriously affect the system performance and can be quite noticeable to the user.  
28 However, because each AV data segment is quickly replaced by the next AV data  
29 segment, an error in a particular AV data segment would be nearly undetectable by the  
30 user. Thus, AV data segments can be described as time-critical, error-tolerant data

1 segments because their transfers must not be delayed, but their transfers may create  
2 errors which would lower the level of accuracy of the data segments.

3 Audiovisual applications are therefore enhanced by modifications to the  
4 standard ATA data transfer command set for hard disk drive usage. One of these  
5 modifications has been the introduction of data transfer command sets optimized for  
6 audiovisual applications. For example, a document identified as "T13/D99128 revision  
7 0" entitled "Proposal for Audio/Visual Feature Set" available from Western Digital  
8 Corporation of Irvine, California, and a document identified as "T13D99123 revision 1"  
9 entitled "Proposal for Streaming AV Commands" available from Seagate Technology of  
10 Longmont, Colorado, both of which are incorporated by reference herein, propose  
11 alternative data transfer command sets for the storage on hard disk drives of streaming  
12 AV data and non-streaming IT data. These data transfer command sets add new  
13 instructions to the standard ATA data transfer command set to guarantee the timely  
14 transfer of AV data segments at the possible expense of the accuracy of the AV data  
15 segments.

16 As described in the above-referenced "Proposal for Audio/Visual Feature Set"  
17 from Western Digital Corporation, the "Streamweaver" data transfer command set  
18 incorporates additional data transfer commands into the standard ATA data transfer  
19 command set. These additional data transfer commands enable the host processor to  
20 alter the disk drive parameters and functions related to AV data transfer by toggling the  
21 disk drive between an AV mode and an IT mode. In the AV mode, the disk drive may  
22 reconfigure resources to support the streaming requirement of the AV data segments,  
23 and may set an upper limit on the total time devoted to error recovery in the event of a  
24 data transfer error, thereby constraining any disk-drive-resident error recovery.  
25 Similarly, in the IT mode, the disk drive may reconfigure resources to support the  
26 accuracy requirement of the IT data segments. In addition, the "Streamweaver" data  
27 transfer command set includes a "Read AV Stream" command and a "Write AV  
28 Stream" command which require fewer disk-drive-resident error recovery procedures in  
29 the event of a data transfer error than are required by the corresponding read and write  
30 commands of the standard ATA data transfer command set. Having fewer disk-drive-

1 resident error recovery procedures is an effort to minimize the possibility of delaying  
2 the transfer of other AV data segments.

3 When being used in a video recording system, such as a digital video recorder, a  
4 disk drive is typically required to transfer streaming AV data segments concurrently  
5 with IT data segments corresponding to information such as an electronic program  
6 guide. In such a system, it is desirable that the disk drive transfer the IT data segments  
7 with the required high accuracy in response to data transfer commands by the host  
8 processor, while maintaining the required data transfer rate for the streaming AV data  
9 segments. Because the required data transfer rate for a video data stream is typically  
10 less than the maximum possible data transfer rate, there is usually sufficient bandwidth  
11 remaining to transfer both the streaming AV data segments and the IT data segments.  
12 However, due to the disk-drive-resident error recovery inherent in the standard read and  
13 write commands of the ATA data transfer command set, use of the standard read and  
14 write commands of the ATA command set for transferring the IT data segments may  
15 potentially exceed the available time, thereby interrupting or delaying the streaming AV  
16 data segments.

#### 17 Summary of the Invention

18 The present invention may be regarded as a method of transferring a non-time-  
19 critical, error-intolerant data segment stored on a disk drive, which is responsive to a set  
20 of data transfer commands generated by a host processor and which is operating in a  
21 mode optimized for transferring time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments  
22 stored or to be stored on the disk drive. The method comprises sending a sequence of  
23 data transfer commands generated by the host processor to the disk drive to transfer a  
24 respective sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments at a required  
25 data transfer rate. The method further comprises selectively interposing a first data  
26 transfer command into the sequence of data transfer commands, the first data transfer  
27 command initiating a first transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment  
28 from a first storage location. The method further comprises transmitting a data transfer  
29 error signal generated by the disk drive to the host processor, the data transfer error  
30 signal having a state that indicates whether any data transfer errors have occurred with

1 respect to the first transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment. The  
2 method further comprises selectively interposing a second data transfer command into  
3 the sequence of data transfer commands, the second data transfer command initiating a  
4 second transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a second  
5 storage location, thereby utilizing storage redundancy to achieve an accuracy required  
6 for the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment while maintaining the required  
7 data transfer rate of the sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant data segments.

8 The present invention may also be regarded as a method of storing a non-time-  
9 critical, error-intolerant data segment on a disk drive, which is responsive to a set of  
10 data transfer commands generated by a host processor and which stores both time-  
11 critical, error-tolerant data segments and non-time-critical, error-intolerant data  
12 segments. The method comprises sending a first data transfer command generated by  
13 the host processor to the disk drive to write the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data  
14 segment on the disk drive. The method further comprises writing the non-time-critical,  
15 error-intolerant data segment at a first storage location and writing the non-time-critical,  
16 error-intolerant data segment at a second storage location different from the first storage  
17 location.

18 The present invention may also be regarded as a method of transferring a non-  
19 time-critical, error-intolerant data segment stored on a disk drive, which is responsive to  
20 a set of data transfer commands generated by a host processor and which is operating in  
21 a mode optimized for transferring time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments  
22 stored or to be stored on the disk drive. The method comprises sending a sequence of  
23 data transfer commands generated by the host processor to the disk drive to transfer a  
24 respective sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments within a  
25 data transfer bandwidth less than a maximum bandwidth for the disk drive. The method  
26 further comprises selectively interposing a first data transfer command into the sequence  
27 of data transfer commands, the first data transfer command initiating a first transfer of  
28 the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a first storage location, the first  
29 transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment occurring within a  
30 remaining bandwidth that is a difference between the maximum bandwidth and the data

1 transfer bandwidth. The method further comprises transmitting a data transfer error  
2 signal generated by the disk drive to the host processor, the data transfer error signal  
3 having a state that indicates whether any data transfer errors have occurred with respect  
4 to the first transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment. The method  
5 further comprises selectively interposing a second data transfer command into the  
6 sequence of data transfer commands, the second data transfer command initiating a  
7 second transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a second  
8 storage location, thereby utilizing storage redundancy to achieve an accuracy required  
9 for the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment while maintaining the data  
10 transfer bandwidth for the sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant data segments.

11 The present invention may also be regarded as a video recording system to  
12 record and playback non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segments and time-critical,  
13 error-tolerant streaming data segments using a disk drive responsive to a set of data  
14 transfer commands and optimized for transferring time-critical, error-tolerant streaming  
15 data segments at a required data transfer rate. The video recording system comprises a  
16 user interface that receives user input, and a video input interface that receives an  
17 external video data stream for a selected video program segment and that generates  
18 time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments. The video recording system  
19 further comprises a video output interface that is connectable to a display device, and a  
20 data management system. The data management system comprises at least one data  
21 buffer that receives, stores, and transmits time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data  
22 segments. The data management system further comprises a host processor that  
23 generates a sequence of data transfer commands sent to the disk drive to transfer a  
24 respective sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments at the  
25 required data transfer rate. The host processor also selectively interposes a first data  
26 transfer command into the sequence of data transfer commands, the first data transfer  
27 command initiating a first transfer of a non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment  
28 from a first storage location. The host processor also receives a data transfer error  
29 signal generated by the disk drive, the data transfer error signal having a state that  
30 indicates whether any data transfer errors have occurred in the first transfer of the non-

1 time-critical, error-intolerant data segment. The host processor also selectively  
2 interposes a second data transfer command into the sequence of data transfer  
3 commands, the second data transfer command initiating a second transfer of the non-  
4 time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a second storage location, thereby  
5 utilizing storage redundancy to achieve an accuracy required for the non-time-critical,  
6 error-intolerant data segment while maintaining the required data transfer rate of the  
7 sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments.

#### 8 Brief Description of the Drawings

9 Figure 1 schematically illustrates a video recording system in accordance with  
10 an embodiment of the present invention to record and playback non-time-critical, error-  
11 intolerant data segments and time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments.

12 Figures 2a-2e schematically illustrate the AV data buffer and its first and second  
13 buffer sections at various stages during the streaming of AV data segments.

14 Figure 3a schematically illustrates two command buffers of the data  
15 management system with one data transfer command for AV data segments and one  
16 data transfer command for IT data segments.

17 Figure 3b schematically illustrates two command buffers of the data  
18 management system with one data transfer command for IT data segments, the data  
19 transfer command corresponding to writing an IT data segment to the disk drive.

20 Figure 3c schematically illustrates two command buffers of the data  
21 management system with one data transfer command for IT data segments, the data  
22 transfer command corresponding to reading an IT data segment from the disk drive.

23 Figure 4 is a flowchart that schematically illustrates a method of transferring an  
24 IT data segment stored on the disk drive while transferring a sequence of AV data  
25 segments at a required data transfer rate, the method achieving an accuracy required for  
26 the IT data segment while maintaining the required data transfer rate of the sequence of  
27 AV data segments.

28 Figure 5 schematically illustrates a platter surface used to read and write to first  
29 and second storage locations to transfer an IT data segment.



Figure 6 is a flowchart that schematically illustrates one embodiment of a host-processor-resident error recovery procedure that is compatible with the present invention.

Figures 7a-7c schematically illustrate various sequences of data transfer commands for both AV data segments and IT data segments, the sequences being compatible with the present invention.

#### Detailed Description of the Preferred Embodiment

Figure 1 schematically illustrates a video recording system 10 in accordance with an embodiment of the present invention to record and playback non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segments ("IT data segments") 12 and time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments ("streaming AV data segments") 14. The video recording system 10 comprises a user interface 20 that receives user input 22 and that generates IT data segments 12, a video input interface 30 that receives an external video data stream 32 for a selected video program segment and that generates a sequence of streaming AV data segments 14, an electronic program guide ("EPG") interface 40 that receives EPG information 42 and that generates IT data segments 12, a video output interface 50 that is connectable to a display device 52, a disk drive 60, and a data management system 70. The disk drive 60 is responsive to a set of data transfer commands and is optimized for transferring streaming AV data segments 14 at a required data transfer rate.

The data management system 70 of the preferred embodiment of the present invention comprises at least one AV data buffer 72 that receives, stores, and transmits streaming AV data segments 14. In the preferred embodiment, the data management system 70 further comprises at least one IT data buffer 75 that receives, stores, and transmits IT data segments 12, and a plurality of command buffers 76a, 76b, etc., that temporarily receive, store, and transmit data transfer commands. In embodiments with more than one AV data buffer, each AV data buffer 72a, 72b, etc., is used in conjunction with a separate sequence of streaming AV data segments 14 corresponding to a separate video data stream. In embodiments with more than one IT data buffer, each IT data buffer 75a, 75b, etc., is used in conjunction with a separate set of IT data segments 12. Each command buffer 76a, 76b, etc., is used in conjunction with a

1 separate set of data transfer commands corresponding to either transferring a separate  
2 sequence of streaming AV data segments 14 or transferring a separate set of IT data  
3 segments 12.

4 The data management system 70 further comprises a host processor 80 that  
5 generates a sequence of data transfer commands sent to the disk drive 60 to transfer a  
6 respective sequence of streaming AV data segments 14 at the required data transfer rate.  
7 The host processor 80 also selectively interposes a first data transfer command into the  
8 sequence of data transfer commands, the first data transfer command initiating a first  
9 transfer of an IT data segment 12. The host processor 80 also receives a data transfer  
10 error signal generated by the disk drive 60, the data transfer error signal having a state  
11 that indicates whether any data transfer errors have occurred in the first transfer of the  
12 IT data segment 12. The host processor 80 also selectively initiates host-processor-  
13 resident error recovery in response to the state of the data transfer error signal to achieve  
14 an accuracy required for the IT data segment 12 while maintaining the required data  
15 transfer rate of the sequence of streaming AV data segments 14.

16 By receiving user input 22, the user interface 20 permits the user to indicate to  
17 the video recording system 10 which video program segments are selected for recording  
18 from the external video data stream 32, as well as to control various other operation  
19 parameters of the video recording system 10, such as playback commands (*e.g.*, pause,  
20 instant-replay, *etc.*). The user interface 20 can comprise a remote control keypad  
21 device, or a keypad wired directly to the video recording system 10. In response to the  
22 user input 22, the user interface 20 generates IT data segments 12 which are transmitted  
23 to the data management system 70. Persons skilled in the art are able to select an  
24 appropriate communication technology for the user interface 20 in accordance with the  
25 present invention.

26 In one embodiment of the present invention, the video input interface 30  
27 receives an external video data stream 32 from a multiple-service operator ("MSO").  
28 MSOs are video data service providers that supply video programming to multiple  
29 users. Examples of MSOs include, but are not limited to, cable television systems and

1 satellite systems. Alternatively, the external video data stream 32 can be received from  
2 UHF or VHF broadcast signals using an antenna.

3 The video input interface 30 is configured to respond to the external video data  
4 stream 32 by generating streaming AV data segments 14 with a format which is  
5 compatible with the data management system 70 and other components of the video  
6 recording system 10. For example, to provide compatibility of the video recording  
7 system 10 with an analog-formatted external video data stream 32, the video input  
8 interface 30 of one embodiment comprises an MPEG (Motion Pictures Experts Group)  
9 encoder, which generates compressed digitally-formatted streaming AV data segments  
10 14 in response to the analog-formatted external video data stream 32, and communicates  
11 the compressed digitally-formatted streaming AV data segments 14 to the data  
12 management system 70. Furthermore, for particular embodiments that are compatible  
13 with an encrypted external video data stream 32 (*e.g.*, video data streams from premium  
14 cable channels), the video input interface 30 comprises a decrypter. Alternatively, in  
15 other embodiments of the present invention, the encoding and decrypting features  
16 described above may instead be performed by the data management system 70, or by  
17 some other device upstream of the video recording system 10. Persons skilled in the art  
18 are able to provide a video input interface 30 that receives and appropriately responds to  
19 the external video data stream 32 by generating streaming AV data segments 14 in a  
20 manner in accordance with the present invention.

21 In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the electronic program  
22 guide (“EPG”) interface 40 receives the EPG information 42 and in response generates  
23 IT data segments 12 that are transmitted to the data management system 70. In the  
24 embodiment illustrated in Figure 1, the EPG information 42 is a database containing  
25 information regarding the broadcast schedules for various video program segments from  
26 various broadcast channels. This information is typically expressed in the form of a  
27 program grid with columns denoting the time periods, and with separate rows for each  
28 of the available broadcast channels. In one embodiment, the EPG information 42 is  
29 generated by a separate source from that of the external video data stream 32, and the  
30 EPG interface 40 is a separate interface (*e.g.*, a phone line connection interface) from

1 the video input interface 30. Alternatively, in other embodiments of the present  
2 invention where the EPG information 42 is generated by the same source as that of the  
3 external video data stream 32 and transmitted along with the external video data stream  
4 32, the EPG interface 40 is part of the video input interface 30. Typically, in order to  
5 enable a user to utilize the EPG information 42, the video recording system 10 displays  
6 the program grid directly on the display device 52 being viewed by the user. The user  
7 may then provide appropriate user input 22 to the data management system 70 via the  
8 user interface 20. The data management system 70 then uses the EPG information 42 to  
9 select the external video data stream 32 for the video program segment in response to  
10 the user input 22. Persons skilled in the art are able to select an appropriate  
11 configuration of the EPG interface 40 and to select the method of communicating the  
12 EPG information 42 to both the user and the data management system 70 compatible  
13 with the present invention.

14 The video output interface 50 is coupled to the data management system 70 and  
15 receives IT data segments 12 and streaming AV data segments 14. The video output  
16 interface 50 is also coupled to a display device 52, which in the preferred embodiment  
17 of the present invention is a television. In response to the received data segments, the  
18 video output interface 50 generates a video data stream that is compatible with the  
19 display device 52. Alternatively, the video output interface 50 can receive video data  
20 streams directly from the data management system 70. Persons skilled in the art are  
21 able to select an appropriate configuration of the video output interface 50 compatible  
22 with the present invention.

23 The disk drive 60 is coupled to the data management system 70 and provides  
24 storage for both IT data segments 12 and streaming AV data segments 14. In the  
25 preferred embodiment of the present invention, the disk drive 60 is compatible with the  
26 ATA standard. In other embodiments, the disk drive 60 is compatible with the SCSI  
27 (Small Computer System Interface) standard. In still other embodiments, the disk drive  
28 60 is compatible with the IEEE 1394 standard, which is described in the "IEEE Std  
29 1394-1995 IEEE Standard for a High Performance Serial Bus," August 30, 1996, which  
30 is incorporated by reference herein. Alternatively, the disk drive 60 can be a writable

1 digital video disk (DVD) drive, or another technology that provides writable non-  
2 volatile storage.

3 In embodiments in which the disk drive 60 is an ATA disk drive, the host  
4 processor 80 maintains a directory of the physical locations of the various data segments  
5 stored on the disk drive 60. Typically, this information is in the form of a file allocation  
6 table that contains a list of file names and the linked clusters for each file name. The  
7 file allocation table can also indicate whether each file name signifies either IT data  
8 segments 12 or streaming AV data segments 14. In other embodiments, the host  
9 processor 80 instead maintains a directory of logical locations that the disk drive 60  
10 translates into physical locations.

11 The disk drive 60 of the preferred embodiment is responsive to the  
12 "Streamweaver" set of data transfer commands which incorporates additional data  
13 transfer commands beyond those found in the standard ATA data transfer command set.  
14 These additional data transfer commands are designed for transferring data segments  
15 stored or to be stored on the disk drive 60 while maintaining a required data transfer rate  
16 for transferring streaming AV data segments 14.

17 The various parameters and functions of the disk drive 60, such as a disk-drive-  
18 resident error recovery time limit, can be toggled between an AV mode and an IT mode  
19 by the "Set AV Configuration" command generated by the host processor 80. When  
20 placed in the AV mode, as in the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the  
21 disk drive 60 is optimized for transferring streaming AV data segments 14 at a required  
22 data transfer rate. Upon receiving a "Read AV Stream" or a "Write AV Stream"  
23 command, the disk drive 60 does not perform disk-drive-resident error recovery in the  
24 event of a data transfer error. Alternatively, in other embodiments, the disk drive 60 can  
25 perform some disk-drive-resident error recovery procedures; however, the total time  
26 allotted for these procedures is limited by the disk-drive-resident error recovery time  
27 limit. Note that while the names of these additional data transfer commands in the  
28 "Streamweaver" data transfer command set refer to "AV Stream," these data transfer  
29 commands may also be invoked to transfer IT data segments 12.

1           Upon each transfer of a data segment, the disk drive 60 generates a data transfer  
2 error signal which is transmitted to the host processor 80. Each data transfer error  
3 signal has a plurality of states indicative of whether any data transfer errors have  
4 occurred or not with respect to the corresponding transfer of the data segment. In the  
5 preferred embodiment of the present invention, when a data transfer error occurs, the  
6 corresponding data transfer error signal is in a first state indicative of the data transfer  
7 error occurrence. When a data transfer error has not occurred, the corresponding data  
8 transfer error signal is in a second state indicative of no data transfer error occurrence.  
9 In other embodiments, the state of the data transfer error signal can also indicate other  
10 aspects of the data transfer error, such as the type of data transfer error or the portion of  
11 the data segment affected by the data transfer error.

12           The AV data buffer 72 of the preferred embodiment is coupled to the host  
13 processor 80 and the disk drive 60, and is used to continuously transfer streaming AV  
14 data segments 14 between the disk drive 60 and the host processor 80 or other  
15 components of the video recording system 10. Data streaming rates for continuously  
16 streaming video data (*e.g.*, 1 Mb/s) are typically much lower than the instantaneous data  
17 transfer rates for transferring data segments from disk drives (*e.g.*, 66 Mb/s). The AV  
18 data buffer 72 thus serves as a temporary repository of streaming AV data segments 14  
19 in order to maintain a data streaming rate that is lower than the instantaneous data  
20 transfer rate.

21           Figures 2a-2e provide an illustrative example of an AV data buffer 72  
22 compatible with an embodiment of the present invention, in which the AV data buffer  
23 72 is used to generate a video data stream originating from a sequence of streaming AV  
24 data segments 14 from the disk drive 60. The hatched regions denote portions of the  
25 AV data buffer 72 which contain AV data segments 14. The AV data buffer 72 is a  
26 “ping-pong” buffer which comprises first and second buffer sections 73, 74, each with a  
27 capacity of 300 Kb. At an instantaneous data transfer rate of 66 Mb/s, 100 Kb of data  
28 segments can be transferred or “burst” into the AV data buffer 72 from the disk drive 60  
29 in approximately 1.5 ms, thereby taking approximately 4.5 ms to fill each 300 Kb buffer  
30 section. Figure 2a illustrates the AV data buffer 72 after two bursts of data segments

1 into the first buffer section 73. The AV data buffer 72 is prepared to receive a third  
2 burst of data segments, and some of the previously-stored data segments have been  
3 streamed out of the first buffer section 73 at the data streaming rate of 1 Mb/s.

4 At a data streaming rate of 1 Mb/s, it takes 300 ms to completely empty the first  
5 buffer section 73. During this 300 ms, the second buffer section 74 is similarly filled in  
6 approximately 4.5 ms. Figure 2b illustrates the AV data buffer 72 prepared to receive  
7 bursts of AV data segments 14 in the second buffer section 74 after the first buffer  
8 section 73 has been filled. Figure 2c illustrates the AV data buffer 72 after the second  
9 buffer section 74 is completely filled and the first buffer section 73 continues to provide  
10 streaming AV data segments 14 at 1 Mb/s.

11 Upon completely emptying the first buffer section 73, data segments are  
12 streamed out of the second buffer section 74 at the same data streaming rate of 1 Mb/s,  
13 as illustrated in Figure 2d. As illustrated in Figure 2e, before the second buffer section  
14 74 is completely emptied, the AV data buffer 72 is again prepared to receive bursts of  
15 AV data segments 14 in the first buffer section 73. After the second buffer section 74 is  
16 completely emptied, data segments are once again streamed out of the first buffer  
17 section 73, as illustrated in Figure 2a. This "ping-pong"-like switching between the first  
18 and second buffer sections 73, 74 enables the AV data buffer 72 to generate a video data  
19 stream that originates from a sequence of streaming AV data segments 14 from the disk  
20 drive 60. Note that the intermittent bursting of data segments into the AV data buffer  
21 72 at the instantaneous data transfer rate yields an average data transfer rate, or required  
22 data transfer rate, which equals the data streaming rate.

23 Data transfer commands 82 for AV data segments (discussed below in reference  
24 to Figures 3a, 4, and 6) are data transfer commands which initiate the transfer of AV  
25 data segments 14 into the AV data buffer 72. Similarly, data transfer commands 84 for  
26 IT data segments (discussed below in reference to Figures 3a, 3b, 4, 5, and 6) are data  
27 transfer commands which initiate the transfer of IT data segments 12 into the IT data  
28 buffer 75. The data transfer commands 82 for AV data segments are not carried out at  
29 any particular moment during the streaming of the AV data segments 14. However, to  
30 avoid interrupting the streaming video data due to completely emptying or overfilling

1 the AV data buffer 72, a sequence of data transfer commands 82 for AV data segments  
2 generated by the host processor 80 is sent to the disk drive 60 to transfer a respective  
3 sequence of streaming AV data segments 14 at a required data transfer rate which equals  
4 the data streaming rate. By maintaining the required data transfer rate, each buffer  
5 section 73, 74 of the AV data buffer 72 receives streaming AV data segments 14 from  
6 the disk drive 60 before completely emptying. In addition, by maintaining the required  
7 data transfer rate, the AV data buffer 72 transmits streaming AV data segments 14 to the  
8 disk drive 60 before either buffer section 73, 74 of the AV data buffer 72 is completely  
9 filled. In this way, the preferred embodiment of the present invention, avoids the  
10 interruption of video data streams due to an empty AV data buffer 72, and avoids the  
11 loss of AV data segments due to an overfilled AV data buffer 72.

12 In other embodiments with multiple AV data buffers 72a, 72b, etc., a second AV  
13 data buffer can be used to concurrently store a second video data stream onto the disk  
14 drive 60 by continually receiving streaming video data, and intermittently transferring  
15 the corresponding data segments to the disk drive 60. Persons skilled in the art  
16 recognize that other configurations of the AV data buffer 72 is compatible with the  
17 present invention.

18 The IT data buffer 75 of the preferred embodiment temporarily stores IT data  
19 segments 12 to be used by the host processor 80. These IT data segments 12 can be  
20 received from the user interface 20, EPG interface 40, or disk drive 60. In addition, the  
21 IT data segments 12 can be generated by the host processor 80 in response to other data  
22 segments. Persons skilled in the art can provide an appropriate configuration of the IT  
23 data buffer 75 compatible with the present invention.

24 The command buffers 76a, 76b, etc., serve as temporary repositories of data  
25 transfer commands generated by the host processor 80 before they are issued to the disk  
26 drive 60. Each command buffer 76a, 76b, etc., is used either for data transfer  
27 commands 84 for transferring IT data segments or for data transfer commands 82 for  
28 transferring AV data segments. In an alternative embodiment, only one command  
29 buffer 76 can be used for data transfer commands for either type of data segment. As  
30 illustrated in Figures 3a, 3b, and 3c, each command buffer 76a, 76b, etc., can store



1 multiple data transfer commands concurrently. In other embodiments, each command  
2 buffer 76a, 76b, etc., can store only one data transfer command at one time.

3 In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, the host processor 80 is a  
4 microprocessor that contains the operating system of the data management system 70.  
5 The host processor 80 also performs various functions in response to IT data segments  
6 12 and streaming AV data segments 14 generated by other components of the video  
7 recording system 10. Data transfer commands are selectively generated by the host  
8 processor 80, temporarily stored in the command buffers 76a, 76b, etc., and selectively  
9 transmitted to the disk drive 60. IT data segments 12 are selectively routed by the host  
10 processor 80 to the IT data buffer 75 and the disk drive 60. In addition, the host  
11 processor 80 can generate IT data segments 12 in response to other data segments it  
12 receives. Streaming AV data segments 14 received from the video input interface 30  
13 and the disk drive 60 are temporarily stored in the AV data buffer 72 and selectively  
14 transmitted to the disk drive 60 and the video output interface 50.

15 Data transfer commands are selectively generated by the host processor 80 and  
16 temporarily stored in command buffers 76a, 76b, etc., in response to the data  
17 requirements of the data management system 70 based on user input 22, EPG  
18 information 42, status of the AV data buffer 72 and IT data buffer 75, and various other  
19 system parameters. These data transfer commands can be either data transfer  
20 commands 82 for AV data segments or data transfer commands 84 for IT data segments.  
21 In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, both data transfer commands 82  
22 for AV data segments and data transfer commands 84 for IT data segments are either  
23 "Read AV Stream" or "Write AV Stream" commands, which do not perform any disk-  
24 drive-resident error recovery. For example, the user can select to view on the display  
25 device 52 a continuous stream of video data based on data segments previously stored  
26 on the disk drive 60. Similarly, the user may request that an incoming stream of video  
27 data be stored onto the disk drive 60. In both of these circumstances, the host processor  
28 80 generates a sequence of data transfer commands 82 for AV data segments  
29 corresponding to a respective sequence of streaming AV data segments 14. Each of  
30 these data transfer commands 82 for AV data segments is temporarily stored in the

1 appropriate command buffer 76a. Figure 3a schematically illustrates a command buffer  
2 76a containing a data transfer command 82 for AV data segments to read such a  
3 streaming AV data segment 14 from the disk drive 60.

4 In addition, concurrent with the transferring of the streaming AV data segments  
5 14, the data management system 70 is typically requested to also transfer IT data  
6 segments 12. For example, EPG information 42 may be stored on, or retrieved from,  
7 the disk drive 60 during the continuous streaming of video data corresponding to the  
8 sequence of streaming AV data segments 14. Under these circumstances, the host  
9 processor 80 generates a first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments and  
10 temporarily stores the first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments in the  
11 appropriate command buffer 76b. When it is eventually sent to the disk drive 60, the  
12 first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments initiates a first transfer of a  
13 requested IT data segment 12. Figures 3a and 3b schematically illustrate a command  
14 buffer 76b containing a first data transfer command 84 to write such a requested IT data  
15 segment 12 to the disk drive 60. Figure 3c schematically illustrates a command buffer  
16 76b containing a first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments to read such a  
17 requested IT data segment 12 from the disk drive 60.

18 Figure 4 is a flowchart which illustrates the preferred embodiment of the present  
19 invention of a method 200 of transferring an IT data segment 12 stored on the disk drive  
20 60. As described above, the disk drive 60 utilized by the method 200 is responsive to a  
21 set of data transfer commands from the host processor 80, and the disk drive 60 is  
22 operating in a mode optimized for transferring streaming AV data segments 14 stored or  
23 to be stored on the disk drive 60. The method 200 illustrated in Figure 4 achieves an  
24 accuracy required for the IT data segment 12 while maintaining the required data  
25 transfer rate of a sequence of streaming AV data segments 14. The following discussion  
26 is made in reference to the data transfer commands illustrated in Figures 3a, 3b, and 3c  
27 for either writing or reading the IT data segment 12 while reading a sequence of  
28 streaming AV data segments 14 from the disk drive 60. However, persons skilled in the  
29 art are able to recognize that the preferred embodiment of the present invention is also

1 compatible with the transfer of an IT data segment 12 while writing a sequence of  
2 streaming AV data segments 14 to the disk drive 60.

3 As described above, the transfer of the sequence of streaming AV data segments  
4 14 has priority over the transfer of the IT data segment 12 in order to maintain the  
5 required data transfer rate for the sequence of streaming AV data segments 14. This  
6 required data transfer rate is maintained by selectively interposing a first data transfer  
7 command 84 for IT data segments into the sequence of data transfer commands 82 for  
8 AV data segments. As shown in Figure 4, in a decision block 210, the data  
9 management system 70 first evaluates whether there is a data transfer command 82 for  
10 AV data segments in the command buffer 76a. If there is such a data transfer command  
11 82 for AV data segments, as there is in Figure 3a, then in a procedure block 220, the  
12 data management system 70 transmits the data transfer command 82 for AV data  
13 segments to the disk drive 60, which responds by reading the requested streaming AV  
14 data segment 14. After waiting for the completion of the data transfer command 82 for  
15 AV data segments, the data management system 70 then again evaluates, in a decision  
16 block 210, whether there is a data transfer command 82 for AV data segments in the  
17 command buffer 76a.

18 If there is no such data transfer command 82 for AV data segments in the  
19 command buffer 76a, as illustrated in Figure 3b, then the data management system 70  
20 evaluates, in a decision block 230, whether there is a pending host-processor-resident  
21 error recovery corresponding to a previously-performed data transfer command 84 for  
22 IT data segments. As described below, a host-processor-resident error recovery is  
23 pending after a data transfer error occurs with respect to the transfer of an IT data  
24 segment 12. The pendency of a host-processor-resident error recovery with respect to  
25 an IT data segment 12 is indicated in the preferred embodiment by an error status signal  
26 of the data management system 70; however, other embodiments can use alternative  
27 indications.

28 If the error status signal indicates that there is a pending host-processor-resident  
29 error recovery corresponding to a previously-performed data transfer command 84 for  
30 IT data segments, then the data management system 70 continues the pending host-

processor-resident error recovery by performing a host-processor-resident error recovery procedure 240. As will be described below, host-processor-resident error recovery can comprise various procedures initiated by the host processor in an attempt to re-transfer the requested IT data segment 12 without a data transfer error. However, the host-processor-resident error recovery procedure only takes a limited amount of time to perform in order to not delay any subsequent data transfer commands 82 for AV data segments. After waiting for the completion of the host-processor-resident error recovery procedure 240, the data management system 70 then again evaluates, in a decision block 210, whether there is a data transfer command 82 for AV data segments in the command buffer 76a.

If host-processor-resident error recovery for an IT data segment 12 is not pending, then the data management system 70 evaluates, in a decision block 250, whether there is a first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments for initiating a first transfer of an IT data segment 12 in the command buffer 76b. If there is no such first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments, then the data management system 70 again evaluates, in a decision block 210, whether there is a data transfer command 82 for AV data segments in the command buffer 76a.

If the command buffer 76b does contain a first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments for initiating a transfer of an IT data segment 12, as illustrated in Figure 3b, then in a procedure block 260, the data management system 70 transmits the first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments to the disk drive 60, which responds by writing the IT data segment 12 to both a first storage location 90 and a second storage location 92. The second storage location 92 is a redundant storage location, which in certain embodiments, is at a predetermined position relative to the first storage location 90. The second storage location 92 can later be accessed in the event of a failed transfer of the IT data segment 12 from the first storage location 90.

As illustrated in Figure 5, the disk drive 60 of the preferred embodiment of the present invention comprises a disk surface 62 with an AV area 63, an IT primary area 64, and an IT redundant area 65. AV data segments are preferably stored exclusively on the AV area 63. The first storage location 90 is located on the IT primary area 64, and

1 the second storage location 92 is located on the IT redundant area 65. . With this  
2 configuration, the IT data segment 12 is stored on both the IT primary area 64 and the  
3 IT redundant area 65. In one embodiment, the second storage location 92 may have a  
4 predetermined relation to the first storage location 90. While Figure 5 illustrates only  
5 one disk surface 62, in other embodiments, multiple disks or multiple disk surfaces may  
6 be used. Other embodiments can place the second storage location 92 at a position  
7 which does not have a predetermined relation to the first storage location 90. In certain  
8 embodiments, the disk surface 62 is not divided into separate areas for AV, IT primary,  
9 or IT redundant data.

10 If the command buffer 76b contains a first data transfer command 84 for IT data  
11 segments for initiating reading an IT data segment 12 from the disk drive 60, as  
12 illustrated in Figure 3c, then in the procedure block 260, the data management system  
13 70 transmits the first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments to the disk drive  
14 60, which responds by reading the requested IT data segment 12 from the first storage  
15 location 90. Upon completion of the first data transfer command 84 for IT data  
16 segments, the disk drive 60 generates, in a procedure block 270, a data transfer error  
17 signal which is transmitted to the host processor 80. As described above, the data  
18 transfer error signal of the preferred embodiment has a first state that indicates a data  
19 transfer error has occurred with respect to the first transfer of the IT data segment 12, or  
20 a second state that indicates that no data transfer error has occurred with respect to the  
21 first transfer of the IT data segment 12.

22 The host processor 80 then evaluates, in a decision block 280, the state of the  
23 data transfer error signal to determine whether a data transfer error has occurred with  
24 respect to the first transfer of the IT data segment 12. If the data transfer error signal is  
25 in the second state, then the IT data segment 12 was successfully read with no data  
26 transfer error, and the data management system 70 again evaluates, in a decision block  
27 210, whether there is a data transfer command 82 for AV data segments in the command  
28 buffer 76a. If the data transfer error signal is in the first state, then a data transfer error  
29 occurred with respect to the transfer of the IT data segment 12 and the error status signal  
30 of the data management system 70 is set, in a procedure block 290, to indicate the

pendancy of a host-processor-resident error recovery with respect to the IT data segment 12. Also, an error counter is set, in a procedure block 292, to indicate one data transfer error with respect to the IT data segment 12. The data management system 70 then again evaluates, in a decision block 210, whether there is a data transfer command 82 for AV data segments in the command buffer 76a.

In the preferred embodiment of the present invention, when performing the procedure 240, the host-processor-resident error recovery comprises re-trying the transfer of the requested IT data segment 12 to read the requested IT data segment 12 from the disk drive 60 without a data transfer error. As illustrated in Figure 6, when the error status signal indicates a pending host-processor-resident error recovery in relation to the IT data segment 12, the host processor 80 transmits, in a procedure block 300, a second data transfer command 84' for IT data segments (discussed below in relation to Figure 7c) that initiates a second transfer of the IT data segment 12.

The particular host-processor-resident error recovery procedure 240 performed by the preferred embodiment of the present invention depends on whether the failed data transfer command 84 for IT data segments was a read command or a write command. When the failed first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments is a write command to write the IT data segment 12 onto the disk drive 60, the second data transfer command 84' for IT data segments transmitted in procedure block 300 is a write command that initiates a second write of the IT data segment 12 to the same location on the disk drive 60 as for the first data transfer command 84 of IT data segments. For example, for a failed data transfer command 84 for IT data segments to write the IT data segment 12 to the first storage location 90, the second data transfer command 84' for IT data segments is a command to re-write the IT data segment 12 to the first storage location 90. Alternatively, in other embodiments, the second data transfer command 84' for IT data segments is a command to write the IT data segment 12 to a third storage location 94 which is later used in the event of a data transfer error from a data transfer command to read the IT data segment 12.

When the failed first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments is a read command to read the IT data segment 12 from the first storage location 90 on the disk

1 drive 60, the second data transfer command 84' for IT data segments transmitted in  
2 procedure block 300 is a read command that initiates a second transfer of the IT data  
3 segment 12 from the second storage location 92. In this way, the preferred embodiment  
4 of the present invention utilizes the storage redundancy provided by the second storage  
5 location 92 to achieve an accuracy required for the IT data segment 12.

6 Upon completion of the second data transfer command 84' for IT data segments,  
7 the disk drive 60 generates, in a procedure block 310, a data transfer error signal which  
8 is transmitted to the host processor 80. The host processor 80 then evaluates, in a  
9 decision block 320, the state of the data transfer error signal to determine whether a data  
10 transfer error has occurred with respect to the second transfer of the IT data segment 12.

11 If the data transfer error signal is in the second state, then the IT data segment 12  
12 was successfully transferred with no data transfer error, and the data management  
13 system 70 sets, in a procedure block 330, the error status signal to indicate that there is  
14 no pending host-processor-resident error recovery with respect to the IT data segment  
15 12. After resetting the error counter to zero in a procedure block 332, the data  
16 management system 70 again evaluates, in a decision block 210, whether there is a data  
17 transfer command 82 for AV data segments in the command buffer 76a.

18 If the data transfer error signal is in the first state, then a data transfer error  
19 occurred again with respect to the transfer of the IT data segment 12 and the error  
20 counter is incremented by one in a procedure block 340, and the data management  
21 system 70 evaluates, in a decision block 350, whether the number of re-tries of the  
22 transfer of the IT data segment 12 is above a pre-determined limit. If the error counter  
23 indicates a number of errors below the pre-determined limit, then the data management  
24 system 70 again evaluates, in a decision block 210, whether there is a data transfer  
25 command 82 for AV data segments in the command buffer 76a.

26 If the error counter indicates a number of errors above the pre-determined limit,  
27 then the host-processor-resident error recovery corresponding to the IT data segment 12  
28 has totally failed and the data management system 70 responds appropriately. In the  
29 preferred embodiment, this appropriate response comprises generating an error message,  
30 in a procedure block 352, which is transmitted to the user, setting the error status signal,

1 in a procedure block 354, to indicate no pending host-processor-resident error recovery  
2 with respect to the IT data segment 12, and resetting the error counter to zero in a  
3 procedure block 356. The data management system 70 then again evaluates, in a  
4 decision block 210, whether there is a data transfer command 82 for AV data segments  
5 in the command buffer 76a. Other embodiments may respond differently to the total  
6 failure of the host-processor-resident error recovery, including the utilization of  
7 alternative error recovery procedures.

8 As described above, the preferred embodiment of the present invention  
9 transmits, in a procedure block 220, any data transfer commands 82 for AV data  
10 segments before transmitting, in a procedure block 250, any data transfer commands 84  
11 for IT data segments. In this way, the preferred embodiment sends a sequence of data  
12 transfer commands generated by the host processor to the disk drive to transfer a  
13 respective sequence of streaming AV data segments 14 at a required data transfer rate.  
14 Where there are no data transfer commands 84 for IT data segments in the command  
15 buffer 76b, this sequence 82 of data transfer commands 82 for AV data segments is  
16 illustrated in Figure 7a. Similarly, as illustrated in Figure 7b, certain embodiments  
17 maintain multiple sequences 83, 85 of data transfer commands 82, 86 for AV data  
18 segments to transfer respective sequences of streaming AV data segments 14 at the  
19 required data transfer rate. In such circumstances, the data transfer bandwidth of the  
20 first stream of AV data segments 14, transferred by the first sequence 83 of data transfer  
21 commands ("AV1") 82, is less than the maximum bandwidth for the disk drive 60. The  
22 multiple sequences 83, 85 correspond to multiple video data streams, either read from or  
23 written to the disk drive 60. As illustrated in Figure 7b, the streaming of the second  
24 stream of AV data segments 14, transferred by the second sequence 85 of data transfer  
25 commands ("AV2") 86, occurs within a remaining bandwidth that is a difference  
26 between the maximum bandwidth and the data transfer bandwidth for the first stream of  
27 AV data segments 14.

28 As illustrated in Figure 7c, the preferred embodiment also selectively interposes  
29 a first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments into the sequence 83 of data  
30 transfer commands 82 for AV data segments by transmitting, in the procedure block



1 260, the first data transfer command 84 for IT data segments to the disk drive 60 only  
2 when there are no data transfer commands 82 for AV data segments in the command  
3 buffer 76a. In Figure 7c, the first transfer of the IT1 data segment 12 resulted in a data  
4 transfer error, as indicated by the data transfer error signal generated by the disk drive  
5 60 in the procedure block 270. By evaluating the data transfer error signal, the host  
6 processor 80 is able to selectively initiate host-processor-resident error recovery. In the  
7 preferred embodiment of the present invention, the host-processor-resident error  
8 recovery comprises transmitting a second data transfer command 84' for IT data  
9 segments for the same IT1 data segment 12 to the disk drive 60 in the procedure block  
10 300, which in Figure 7c also results in a data transfer error. However, because a data  
11 transfer command 82 for AV data segments is found by the data management system 70  
12 in the AV data buffer 72, the third data transfer command 84'' for IT data segments,  
13 corresponding to a second retry of transferring the IT1 data segment 12, is delayed until  
14 after the data transfer command 82 for AV data segments is completed. In Figure 7c,  
15 this second retry of the transfer of the IT1 data segment is successful.

16 When the reading of the IT data segment 12 from the first storage location 90  
17 initiated by the data transfer command 84 for IT data segments results in a data transfer  
18 error, the data management system 70 selectively interposes a second data transfer  
19 command 84' for IT data segments into the sequence 83 of data transfer commands 82  
20 for AV data segments. The second data transfer command 84' for IT data segments  
21 initiates a second transfer of the IT data segment 12 from the second storage location  
22 92, thereby utilizing storage redundancy to achieve an accuracy required for the IT data  
23 segments 12 while maintaining the required data transfer rate for the sequence of  
24 streaming AV data segments 14. As illustrated in Figure 7c, the process continues to  
25 provide transfer of other IT data segments IT2 (using a data transfer command 87 for IT  
26 data segments which succeeds on the first attempt), and IT3 (using a data transfer  
27 command 88 for IT data segments which fails, and a first retry utilizing a data transfer  
28 command 88' for IT data segments which succeeds).

1     WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1             1. A method of transferring a non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment  
2 stored on a disk drive, which is responsive to a set of data transfer commands generated  
3 by a host processor and which is operating in a mode optimized for transferring time-  
4 critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments stored or to be stored on the disk drive,  
5 the method comprising:

6                 sending a sequence of data transfer commands generated by the host  
7 processor to the disk drive to transfer a respective sequence of time-critical,  
8 error-tolerant streaming data segments at a required data transfer rate;

9                 selectively interposing a first data transfer command into the sequence of  
10 data transfer commands, the first data transfer command initiating a first transfer  
11 of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a first storage  
12 location;

13                transmitting a data transfer error signal generated by the disk drive to the  
14 host processor, the data transfer error signal having a state that indicates whether  
15 any data transfer errors have occurred with respect to the first transfer of the  
16 non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment; and

17                selectively interposing a second data transfer command into the sequence  
18 of data transfer commands, the second data transfer command initiating a second  
19 transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a second  
20 storage location, thereby utilizing storage redundancy to achieve an accuracy  
21 required for the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment while  
22 maintaining the required data transfer rate of the sequence of time-critical, error-  
23 tolerant streaming data segments.

1             2. The method of Claim 1, wherein the second storage location has a  
2 predetermined relation to the first storage location.

1           3. The method of Claim 1, wherein the required data transfer rate is less than a  
2           maximum data transfer rate for the disk drive, thereby providing time for transferring  
3           the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment while maintaining the required data  
4           transfer rate for transferring the sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data  
5           segments.

1           4. The method of Claim 1, wherein the time-critical, error-tolerant streaming  
2           data segments correspond to audio/visual data.

1           5. The method of Claim 1, wherein the set of data transfer commands requires  
2           no disk-drive-resident error recovery in the event of a data transfer error.

1           6. The method of Claim 1, wherein the disk drive is compatible with one or  
2           more standards from the group: ATA, SCSI, IEEE 1394.

1           7. A method of storing a non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment on a  
2 disk drive, which is responsive to a set of data transfer commands generated by a host  
3 processor and which stores both time-critical, error-tolerant data segments and non-  
4 time-critical, error-intolerant data segments, the method comprising:

5                 sending a first data transfer command generated by the host processor to  
6 the disk drive to write the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment on the  
7 disk drive;

8                 writing the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment at a first  
9 storage location; and

10                writing the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment at a second  
11 storage location different from the first storage location.

1           8. The method of Claim 7, wherein the second storage location is at a  
2 predetermined position relative to the first storage location.

1           9. The method of Claim 7, wherein the method further comprises:

2                 sending a sequence of data transfer commands generated by the host  
3 processor to the disk drive to transfer a respective sequence of time-critical,  
4 error-tolerant streaming data segments at a required data transfer rate;

5                 transmitting a first data transfer error signal generated by the disk drive  
6 to the host processor, the data transfer error signal having a state that indicates  
7 whether any data transfer errors have occurred with respect to the writing of the  
8 non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment to the first storage location;

9                 transmitting a second data transfer error signal generated by the disk  
10 drive to the host processor, the data transfer error signal having a state that  
11 indicates whether any data transfer errors have occurred with respect to the  
12 writing of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment to the second  
13 storage location;

14                selectively interposing a second data transfer command into the sequence  
15 of data transfer commands to write the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data

16 segment on the disk drive if a data transfer error has occurred with respect to the  
17 writing of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment to the first storage  
18 location or the second storage location; and  
19 writing the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment to the disk  
20 drive at a third storage location.

1 10. The method of Claim 9, wherein the third storage location is the first storage  
2 location if the data transfer error has occurred with respect to the writing to the first  
3 storage location, and the third storage location is the second storage location if the data  
4 transfer error has occurred with respect to the writing to the second storage location.

1 11. The method of Claim 9, wherein the third storage location is different from  
2 both the first storage location and the second storage location.

1           12. A method of transferring a non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment  
2 stored on a disk drive, which is responsive to a set of data transfer commands generated  
3 by a host processor and which is operating in a mode optimized for transferring time-  
4 critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments stored or to be stored on the disk drive,  
5 the method comprising:

6                 sending a sequence of data transfer commands generated by the host  
7 processor to the disk drive to transfer a respective sequence of time-critical,  
8 error-tolerant streaming data segments within a data transfer bandwidth less than  
9 a maximum bandwidth for the disk drive;

10                selectively interposing a first data transfer command into the sequence of  
11 data transfer commands, the first data transfer command initiating a first transfer  
12 of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a first storage  
13 location, the first transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment  
14 occurring within a remaining bandwidth that is a difference between the  
15 maximum bandwidth and the data transfer bandwidth;

16                transmitting a data transfer error signal generated by the disk drive to the  
17 host processor, the data transfer error signal having a state that indicates whether  
18 any data transfer errors have occurred with respect to the first transfer of the  
19 non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment; and

20                selectively interposing a second data transfer command into the sequence  
21 of data transfer commands, the second data transfer command initiating a second  
22 transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a second  
23 storage location, thereby utilizing storage redundancy to achieve an accuracy  
24 required for the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment while  
25 maintaining the data transfer bandwidth for the sequence of time-critical, error-  
26 tolerant streaming data segments.

1           13. The method of Claim 12, wherein the second storage location has a  
2 predetermined relation to the first storage location.

1           14. A video recording system to record and playback non-time-critical, error-  
2 intolerant data segments and time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments using  
3 a disk drive responsive to a set of data transfer commands and optimized for transferring  
4 time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments at a required data transfer rate, the  
5 video recording system comprising:

6           a user interface that receives user input;

7           a video input interface that receives an external video data stream for a  
8 selected video program segment and that generates time-critical, error-tolerant  
9 streaming data segments;

10          a video output interface that is connectable to a display device; and

11          a data management system that comprises:

12           at least one data buffer that receives, stores, and transmits time-  
13 critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments; and

14           a host processor that generates a sequence of data transfer  
15 commands sent to the disk drive to transfer a respective sequence of  
16 time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments at the required data  
17 transfer rate; that selectively interposes a first data transfer command into  
18 the sequence of data transfer commands, the first data transfer command  
19 initiating a first transfer of a non-time-critical, error-intolerant data  
20 segment from a first storage location; that receives a data transfer error  
21 signal generated by the disk drive, the data transfer error signal having a  
22 state that indicates whether any data transfer errors have occurred in the  
23 first transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment; and  
24 that selectively interposes a second data transfer command into the  
25 sequence of data transfer commands, the second data transfer command  
26 initiating a second transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data  
27 segment from a second storage location, thereby utilizing storage  
28 redundancy to achieve an accuracy required for the non-time-critical,  
29 error-intolerant data segment while maintaining the required data transfer

30 rate of the sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data  
31 segments.

1 15. The video recording system of Claim 14, wherein the data management  
2 system further comprises at least one data buffer that receives, stores, and transmits non-  
3 time-critical, error-intolerant data segments.

1 16. The video recording system of Claim 14, wherein the data management  
2 system further comprises a command buffer.

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**VIDEO RECORDING SYSTEM UTILIZING STORAGE REDUNDANCY TO  
TRANSFER NON-TIME-CRITICAL, ERROR-INTOLERANT DATA  
SEGMENTS WHILE TRANSFERRING TIME-CRITICAL, ERROR-  
TOLERANT STREAMING DATA SEGMENTS AT A REQUIRED DATA  
TRANSFER RATE**

Abstract of the Disclosure

The present invention may be regarded as a video recording system and method of transferring a non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment stored on a disk drive, which is responsive to a set of data transfer commands generated by a host processor and which is operating in a mode optimized for transferring time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments stored or to be stored on the disk drive. The method includes sending a sequence of data transfer commands generated by the host processor to the disk drive to transfer a respective sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant streaming data segments at a required data transfer rate. The method further includes selectively interposing a first data transfer command into the sequence of data transfer commands, the first data transfer command initiating a first transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a first storage location. The method further includes transmitting a data transfer error signal generated by the disk drive to the host processor, the data transfer error signal having a state that indicates whether any data transfer errors have occurred with respect to the first transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment. The method further includes selectively interposing a second data transfer command into the sequence of data transfer commands, the second data transfer command initiating a second transfer of the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment from a second storage location, thereby utilizing storage redundancy to achieve an accuracy required for the non-time-critical, error-intolerant data segment while maintaining the required data transfer rate of the sequence of time-critical, error-tolerant data segments.

Figure 1:

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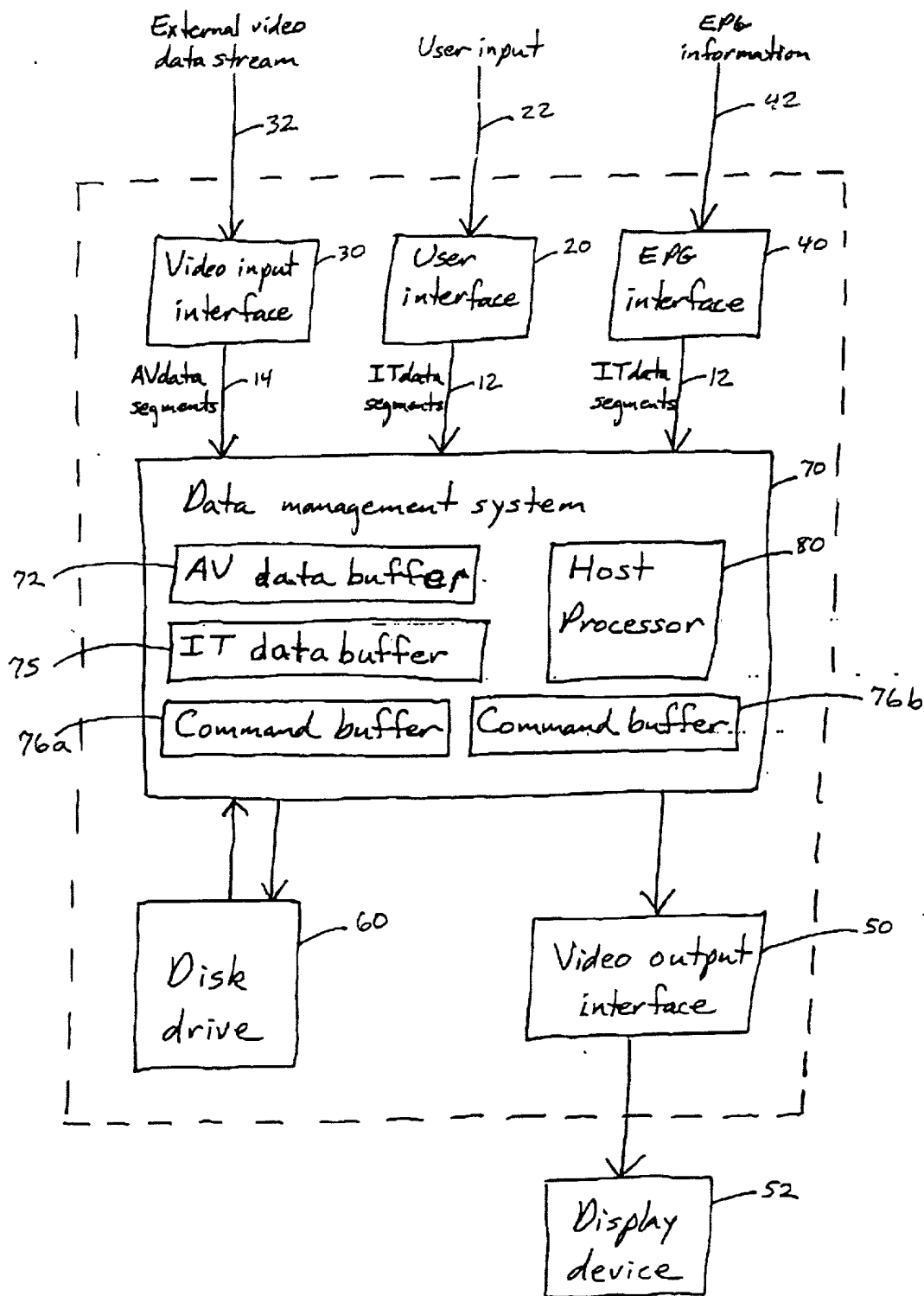


Figure 2a:

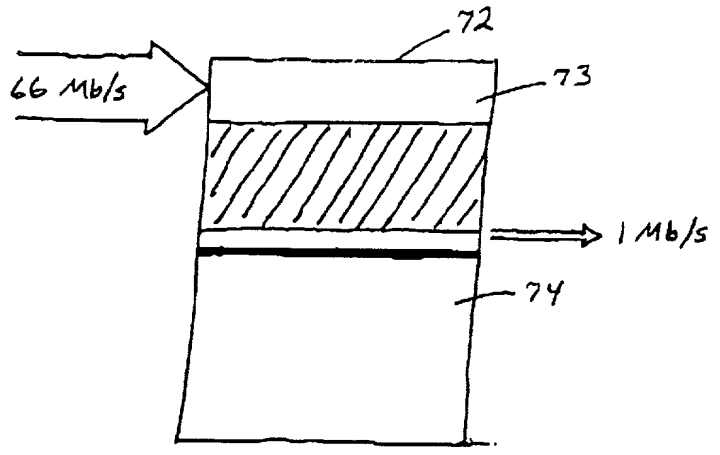


Figure 2b:

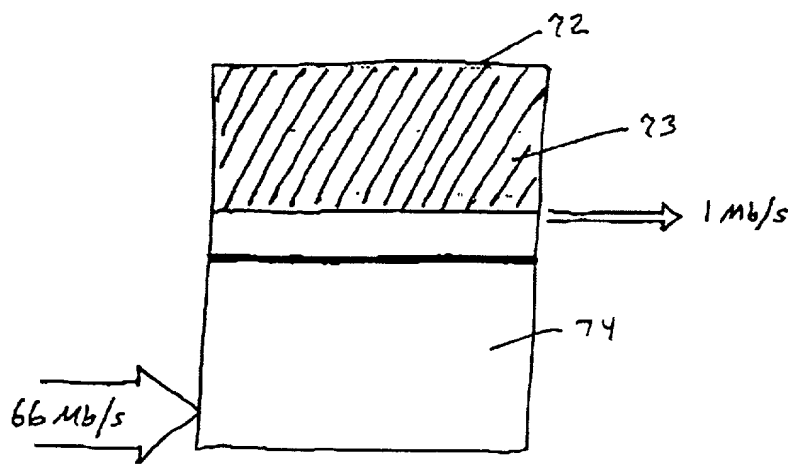


Figure 2c:

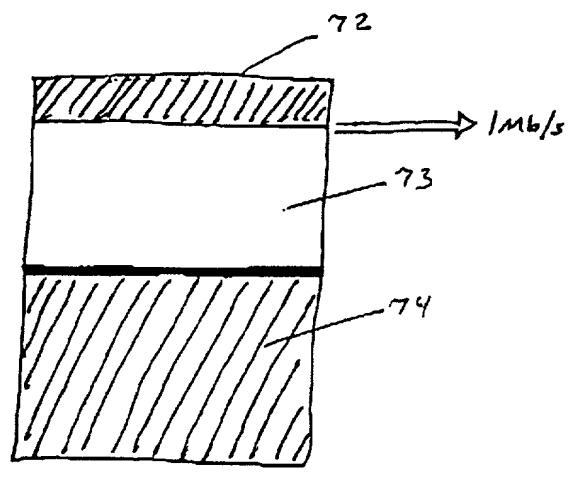


Figure 2d:

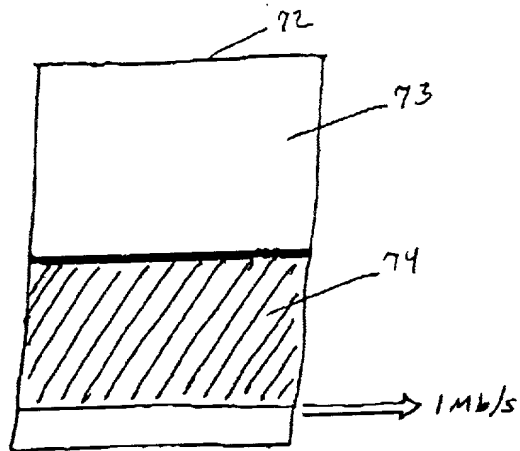


Figure 2e:

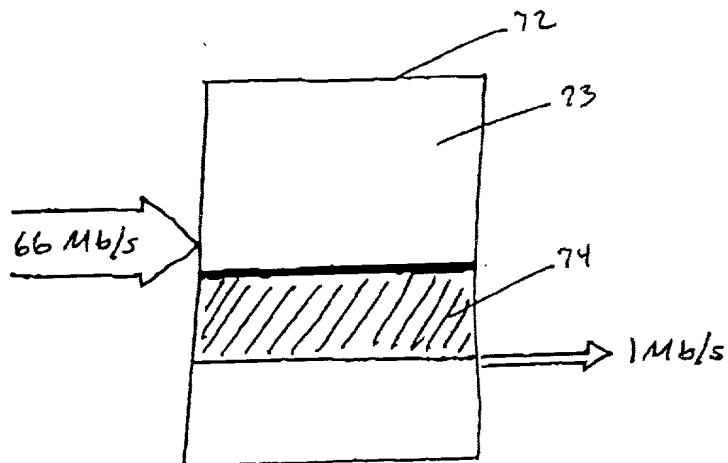


Figure 3a:

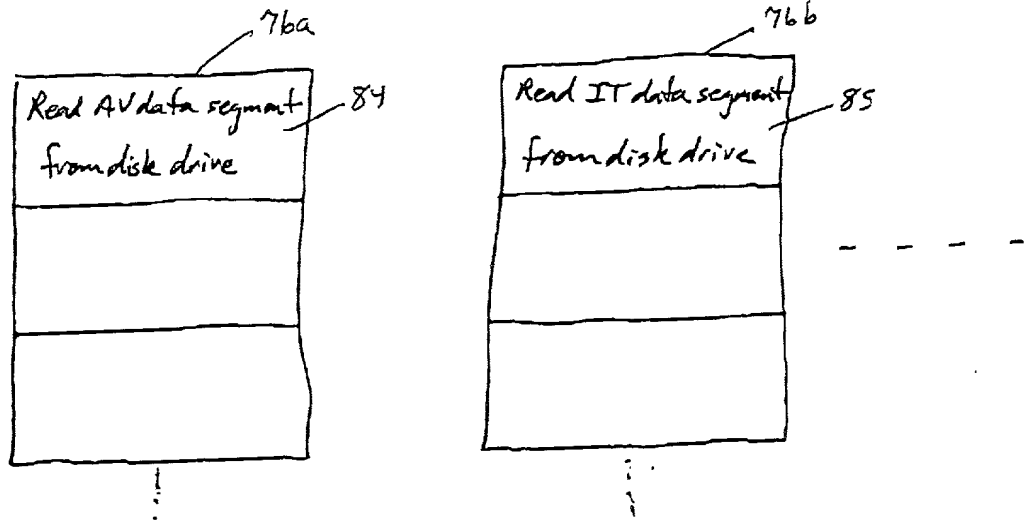


Figure 3b:

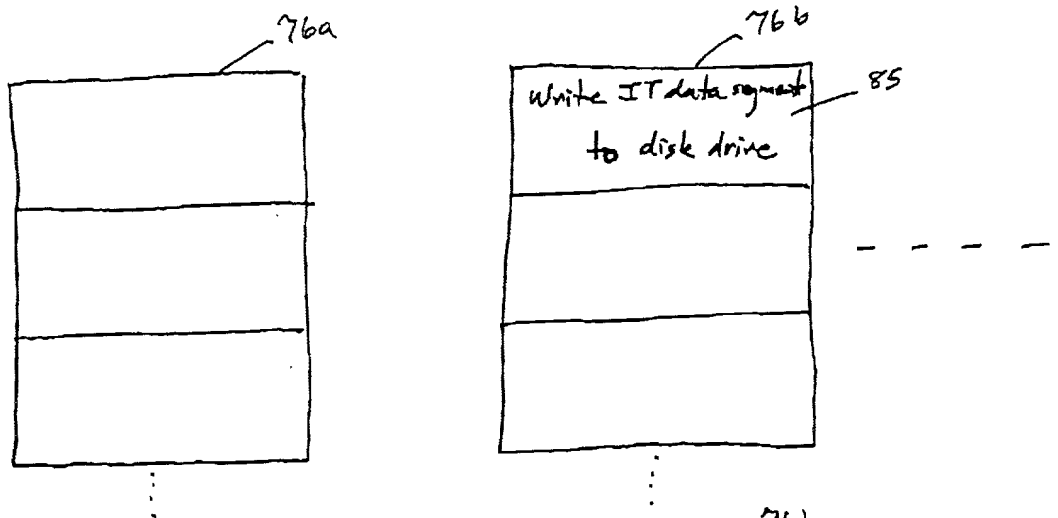


Figure 3c:

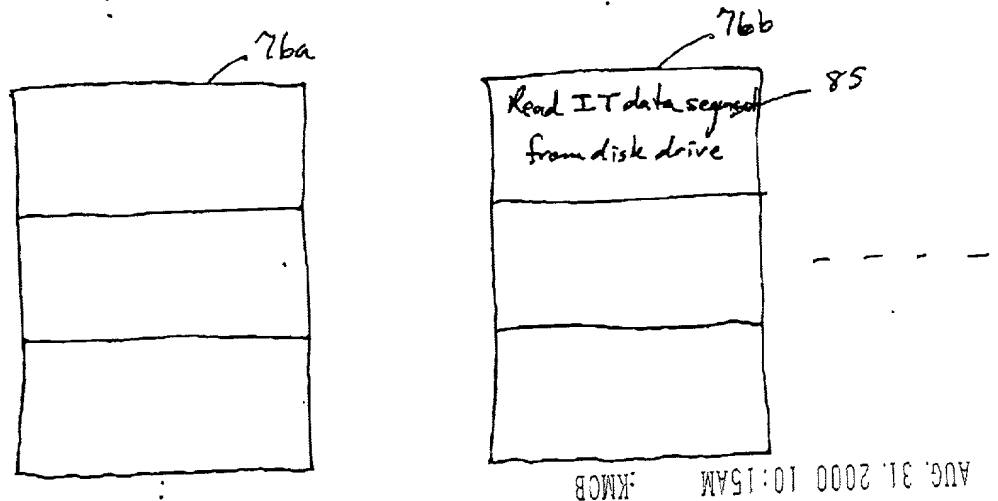


Figure 4:

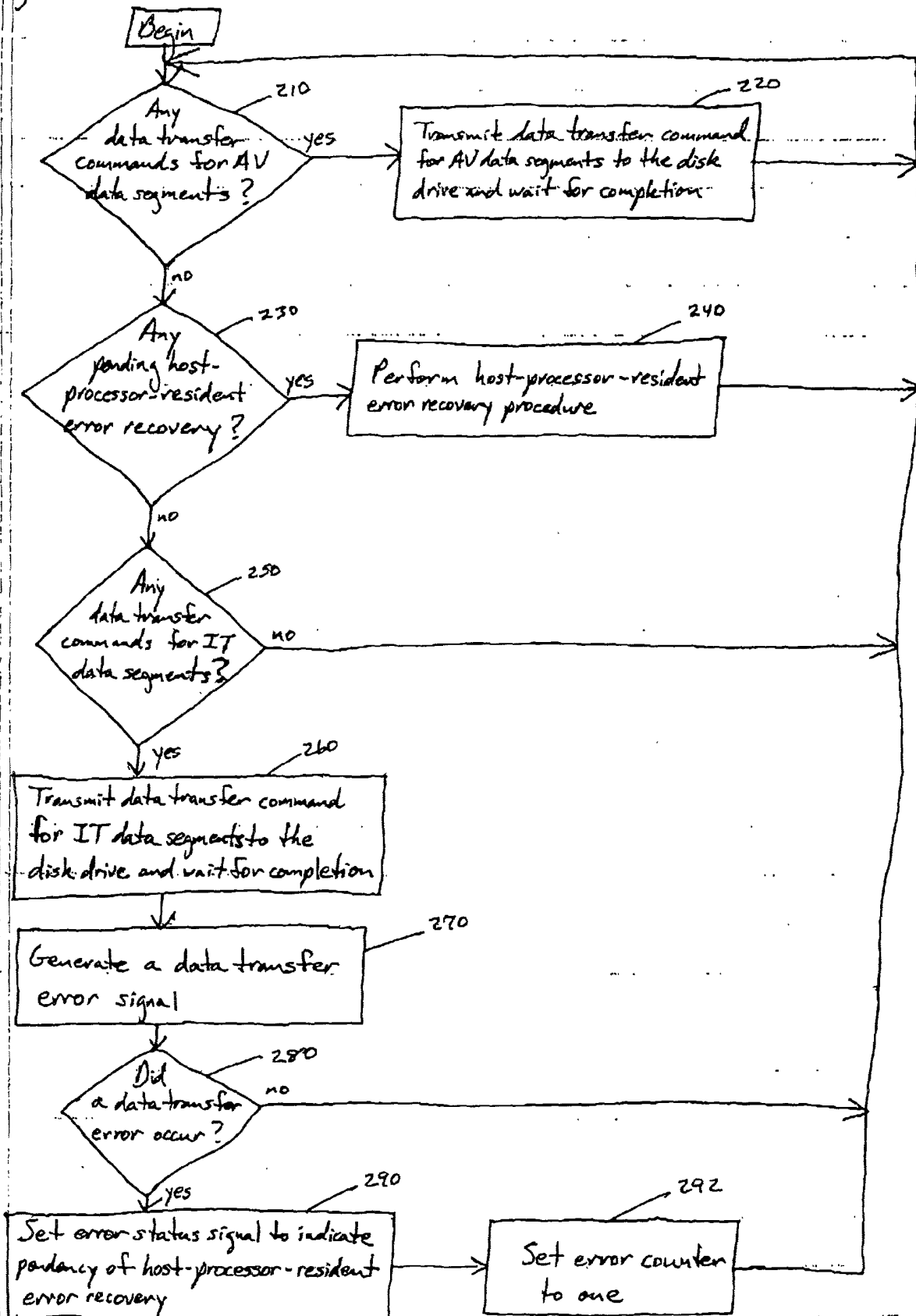


Figure 5:

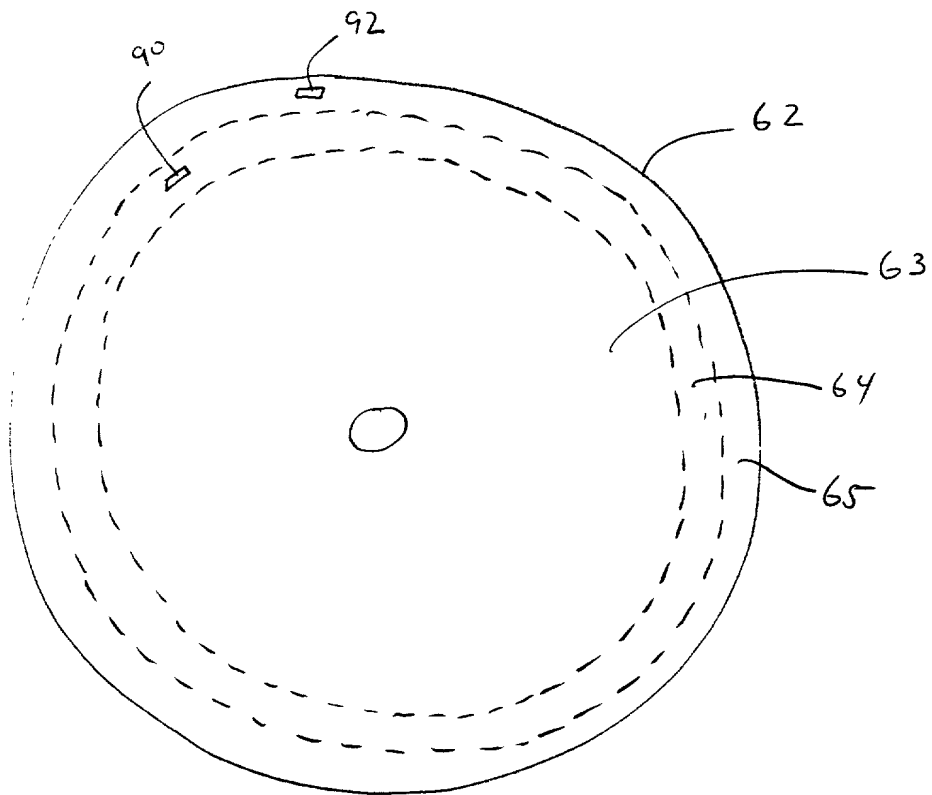


Figure 7a:

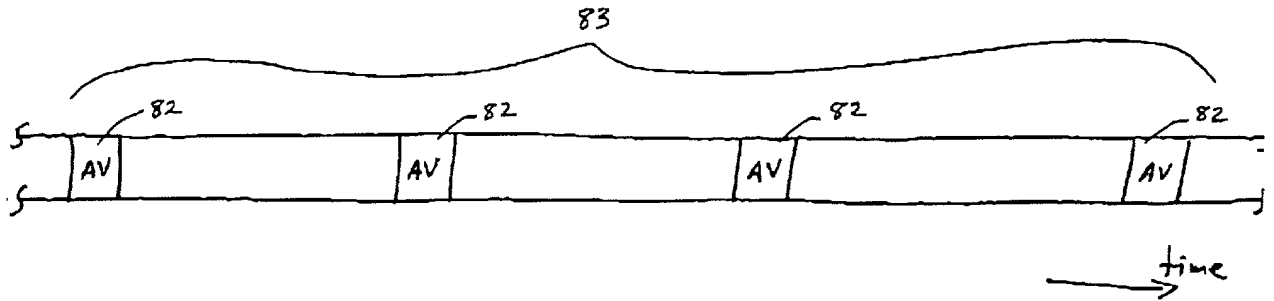


Figure 7b:

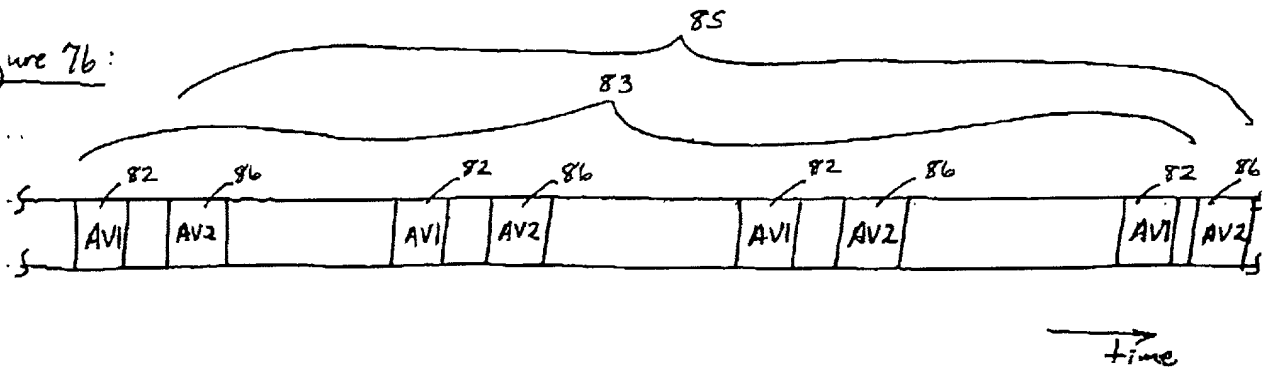


Figure 7c:

